

## **SPECIFICATION AMENDMENTS:**

Amend the first full paragraph on page 6 of the application as follows:

Each insulation-displacement portion 15 is formed by bending a section of the side wall 12 into a substantially V-shape defined by front and rear planar plates 16. The plates 16 extend at substantially equal angles from the respective side wall 12 and meet unitarily at a projecting end of the insulation-displacement terminal fitting 15. Thus, each insulation-displacement portion 15 is substantially in the form of an isosceles triangle with a V-shape cutting edge that faces up on each V-shape insulation-displacement portion 15. An angle formed between the projecting ends of the plate portions 16 is about 60°.

Amend paragraph bridging pages 6 and 7 as follows:

The side walls 12 are formed with a pair of transversely arranged locks 17 that project into the wire-receiving space at positions between the insulation-displacement portions 15 and the crimping portions 14. The locks 17 are formed by making cuts at opposite positions in the side walls 12 and bending each cut portion to extend at substantially a right angle from the respective side wall 12 so that the locks 17 lie in a single plane normal to the side walls 12 and normal to the base wall 11, as shown in FIG. 11. Each lock 17 has opposite front and rear planar surfaces so that each lock 17 is substantially I-shaped when viewed in a wire pushing direction with respect to the insulation-displacement terminal fitting T. Each lock 17 has an inner edge extending between the front and rear surfaces of the respective lock 17 and defining the distal end of the respective lock 17 farthest from the respective first and second sidewall 12, as shown in FIG. 1. The position of both locks 17 in forward and backward directions, the projecting

distances of the locks 17 from the side walls 12 have a mutually symmetrical relationship. Further, the projecting distances of the locks 17 from the side walls 12 are substantially equal to the projecting distances of the insulation-displacement portions 15 from the side walls 12. The projecting distances of the locks 17 and the insulation-displacement portions 15 from the side walls 12 are set so that the locks 17 and the insulation-displacement portions 15 can be held in contact with a core Wb of the wire W when the wire W is connected by insulation displacement. Accordingly, both the insulation-displacement portions 15 and the locks 17 penetrate into an insulation or resin coating Wa from its outer circumference to its inner circumference to its inner circumference.